

Synonym

Latent TGF-beta 1,Latent TGFB1,TGFB1,CED,DPD1,LAP,TGF-beta-1,TGFB

Source

Mouse Latent TGFB1, His Tag (TG1-M5245) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Leu 30 - Ser 390 (Accession # <u>P04202-1</u>). Predicted N-terminus: His

Molecular Characterization

Poly-his Latent (TGFB1)(Leu 30 - Ser 390)
P04202-1

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 43.2 kDa. The protein migrates as 12 kDa and 35-45 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from $0.22~\mu m$ filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 . Normally Trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

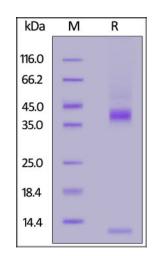
After reconstitution, this product is stable after storage at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



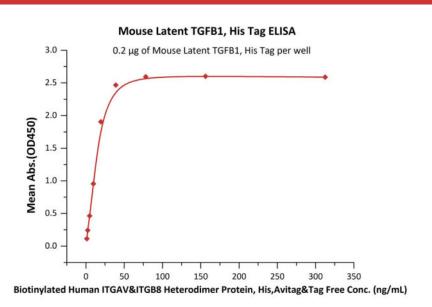
Mouse Latent TGFB1, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

Bioactivity-ELISA

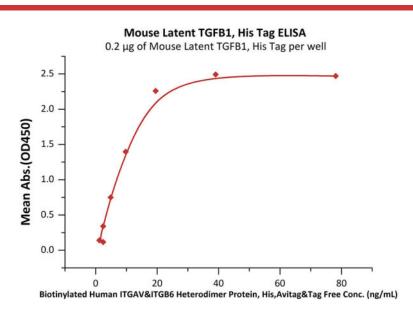
Mouse Latent TGF-beta 1 / TGFB1 Protein, His Tag

Catalog # TG1-M5245





Immobilized Mouse Latent TGFB1, His Tag (Cat. No. <u>TG1-M5245</u>) at 2 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind Biotinylated Human ITGAV&ITGB8 Heterodimer Protein, His,Avitag&Tag Free (Cat. No. <u>IT8-H82W5</u>) with a linear range of 1-39 ng/mL (QC tested).



Immobilized Mouse Latent TGFB1, His Tag (Cat. No. <u>TG1-M5245</u>) at 2 μg/mL (100 μL/well) can bind Biotinylated Human ITGAV&ITGB6 Heterodimer Protein, His,Avitag&Tag Free (Cat. No. <u>IT6-H82E4</u>) with a linear range of 1-20 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

Background

Transforming growth factor beta 1 (TGFB1) is also known as TGF-β1, CED, DPD1, TGFB. is a polypeptide member of the transforming growth factor beta superfamily of cytokines. It is a secreted protein that performs many cellular functions, including the control of cell growth, cell proliferation, cell differentiation and apoptosis. The TGFB1 protein helps control the growth and division (proliferation) of cells, the process by which cells mature to carry out specific functions (differentiation), cell movement (motility), and the self-destruction of cells (apoptosis). The TGFB1 protein is found throughout the body and plays a role in development before birth, the formation of blood vessels, the regulation of muscle tissue and body fat development, wound healing, and immune system function. TGFB1 is particularly abundant in tissues that make up the skeleton, where it helps regulate bone growth, and in the intricate lattice that forms in the spaces between cells (the extracellular matrix). Within cells, this protein is turned off (inactive) until it receives a chemical signal to become active. TGFB1 plays an important role in controlling the immune system, and shows different activities on different types of cell, or cells at different developmental stages. Most immune cells (or leukocytes) secrete TGFB1. TGFB1 has been shown to interact with TGF beta receptor 1, LTBP1, YWHAE, EIF3I and Decorin.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> if you have any question on this product.