Catalog # SPN-B52H6



#### Synonym

Spike,S protein,Spike glycoprotein,S glycoprotein

#### Source

Bat SARS-like coronavirus Khosta-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (SPN-B52H6) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293) with T4 fibritin trimerization motif and a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus. It contains AA Gln 16 - Pro 1193 (Accession # <u>A0A8E6HRK4</u> (R666A, KV966-967PP)).

Predicted N-terminus: Gln 16

# **Molecular Characterization**

#### R666A, KV966-967PP

Spike protein (Gln 16 - Pro 1193) A0A8E6HRK4

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 136.0 kDa. The protein migrates as 170-200 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

## Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per  $\mu g$  by the LAL method.

# Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

#### Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu$ m filtered solution in PBS with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

#### Storage

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

# **SDS-PAGE**



Bat SARS-like coronavirus Khosta-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

**Bioactivity-ELISA** 



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Immobilized Bat SARS-like coronavirus Khosta-2 Spike Trimer, His Tag (Cat. No. SPN-B52H6) at 1  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Human ACE2, Fc Tag (Cat. No. AC2-H5257) with a linear range of 0.039-0.625  $\mu$ g/mL (QC tested).

## Background

The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

## **Clinical and Translational Updates**



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