

Synonym

Spike,S protein RBD,Spike glycoprotein Receptor-binding domain,S glycoprotein RBD,Spike protein RBD

Source

Biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (L452R, T478K), His,Avitag™ (Trehalose free) (SPD-C82Ep) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293).

Molecular Characterization

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag (Avitag™)

The protein has a calculated MW of 28.3 kDa. The protein migrates as 33-40 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Supplied as 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Shipping

This product is supplied and shipped as sterile liquid solution with blue ice, please inquire the shipping cost.

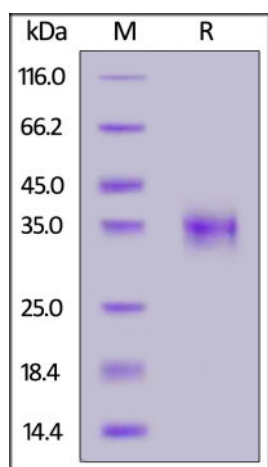
Storage

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

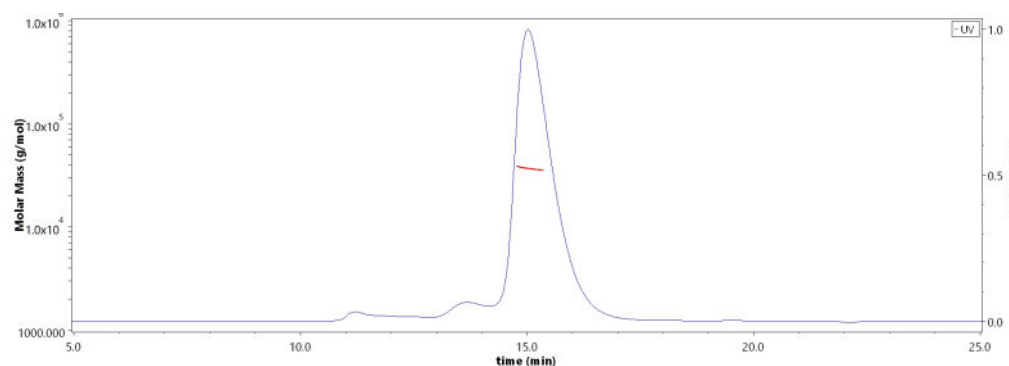
- The product MUST be stored at -70°C or lower upon receipt;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions.

SDS-PAGE



Biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (L452R, T478K), His,Avitag™ (Trehalose free) on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

SEC-MALS



The purity of Biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 Spike RBD (L452R, T478K), His,Avitag™ (Trehalose free) (Cat. No. SPD-C82Ep) is more than 85% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 30-44 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

Background

Its been reported that Coronavirus can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell

surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com if you have any question on this product.