

#### Synonym

NKG2A,CD159a,KLRC1,NK cell receptor A

#### Source

Human NKG2A, His Tag (NKA-H5244) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Pro 94 - Leu 233 (Accession # P26715-1). Predicted N-terminus: His

#### **Molecular Characterization**

Poly-his NKG2A(Pro 94 - Leu 233) P26715-1

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the N-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 17.9 kDa. The protein migrates as 30-40 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### **Endotoxin**

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

#### **Purity**

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

#### Formulation

Lyophilized from  $0.22 \mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

#### **Storage**

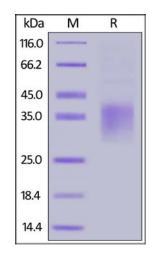
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

#### **SDS-PAGE**



Human NKG2A, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

#### Background

NKG2A/CD159a is a transmembrane protein belonging to the CD94/NKG2 family of C-type lectin-like receptors that inhibits innate immune system activation, also known as KLRC1, CD159a, NK cell receptor A and NKG2-A/NKG2-B type II integral membrane protein. NKG2A marks a unique immune effector subset preferentially co-expressing the tissue-resident CD103 molecule, but not immune checkpoint inhibitors. NKG2A blockade therapy operated through CD8 T cells, but not NK cells. The increase in NKG2A expression might be induced by IL-10, which was present at a high level in the plasma of HCC patients. Blocking IL-10 could specifically inhibit NKG2A expression in NK cells. These findings indicate that NKG2A expression is influenced by factors from cancer nests and contributes to NK cell exhaustion, suggesting that NKG2A blockade has the potential to restore immunity against liver tumors by reversing NK cell exhaustion.

## Human NKG2A / CD159a Protein, His Tag

Catalog # NKA-H5244

# ACTO

### References

- (1) <u>Sun C, et al. Oncoimmunology. 2016. 6(1):e1264562.</u>
- (2) McWilliams EM, et al. Oncoimmunology. 2016. 5(10).
- (3) van Montfoort N, et al. Cell. 2018. 175(7):1744-1755.

Please contact us via <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> if you have any question on this product.