Catalog # HE2-R52H8



Synonym

ERBB2,CD340,HER-2,neu,HER2,MLN19,NEU,NGL,TKR1

Source

Rabbit Her2, His Tag(HE2-R52H8) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Thr 23 - Thr 652 (Accession # <u>G1SZL0-1</u>). Predicted N-terminus: Thr 23

Molecular Characterization

Her2(Thr 23 - Thr 652) G1SZL0-1 Poly-his

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus

The protein has a calculated MW of 71.0 kDa. The protein migrates as 85-95 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per μg by the LAL method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 μm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

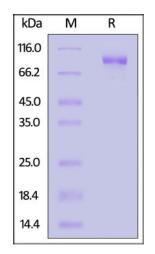
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Rabbit Her2, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

Bioactivity-ELISA

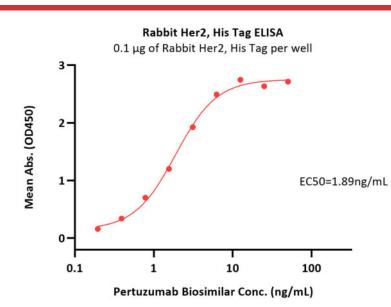




Rabbit Her2 / ErbB2 Protein, His Tag

Catalog # HE2-R52H8





Immobilized Rabbit Her2, His Tag (Cat. No. HE2-R52H8) at 1 μ g/mL (100 μ L/well) can bind Pertuzumab Biosimilar with a linear range of 0.2-6 ng/mL (QC tested).

Background

Human Epidermal growth factor Receptor 2 (HER2) is also called ERBB2, HER-2,HER-2 /neu, NEU, NGL,TKR1 and c-erb B2,and is a protein giving higher aggressiveness in breast cancers. It is a member of the ErbB protein family, more commonly known as the epidermal growth factor receptor family. HER2 is a cell membrane surface-bound receptor tyrosine kinase and is normally involved in the signal transduction pathways leading to cell growth and differentiation. HER2 is thought to be an orphan receptor, with none of the EGF family of ligands able to activate it. Approximately 30% of breast cancers have an amplification of the HER2 gene or overexpression of its protein product. Overexpression of this receptor in breast cancer is associated with increased disease recurrence and worse prognosis. HER2 appears to play roles in development, cancer, communication at the neuromuscular junction and regulation of cell growth and differentiation .

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com if you have any question on this product.



