

### **Synonym**

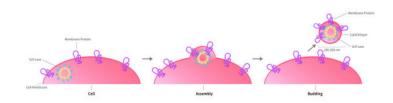
GPRC5D

#### Source

Mouse GPRC5D Full Length Protein (VLP)(GPD-M52P3) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293).

#### **Molecular Characterization**

Virus-like particles(VLPs) are formed by self-assembly of envelop/capsid proteins from viruses. Membrane Proteins can be constituted in-situ with VLPs produced from HEK293 cell cultures. These VLPs concentrate conformationally intact membrane proteins directly on the cell surface and produce soluble, high-concentration proteins perfect for immunization and antibody screening.



The VLPs provide the display of properly folded membrane proteins in their native cellular membrane in a compact size of 100~300 nm diameter (similar to the size of most viruses) making it optimal targets for dendritic cells in vivo and surface attachment for phage display.

#### **Formulation**

The VLPs are highly immunogenic, so the immunization strategy should be optimized (antigen dose, regimen and adjuvant).

Supplied as  $0.2~\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, Arginine, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

### **Shipping**

This product is supplied and shipped with dry ice, please inquire the shipping cost.

## Storage

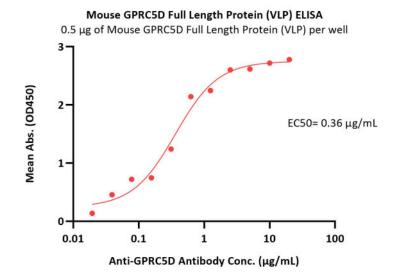
Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- The product MUST be stored at -70°C or lower upon receipt;
- -70°C for 12 months under sterile conditions.

\*The isotype control of empty/mock VLP (Cat. No. <u>VLP-N5213</u>) is sold separately and not included in protein, you can follow this link for product information.

### **Bioactivity-ELISA**



Immobilized Mouse GPRC5D Full Length Protein (VLP) (Cat. No. GPD-M52P3) at 5  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Anti-GPRC5D Antibody with a linear range of 0.02-0.625  $\mu$ g/mL (QC tested).

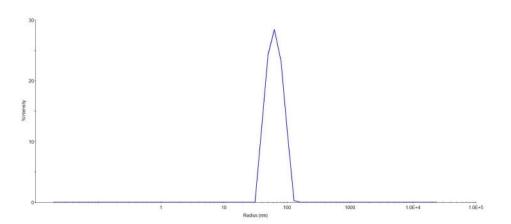
**Identity-DLS** 



# Mouse GPRC5D Full Length Protein (VLP)

Catalog # GPD-M52P3





The mean peak Radius of VLP is 50-75 nm with more than 95% intensity as determined by dynamic light scattering (DLS).

## Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the G protein-coupled receptor family; however, the specific function of this gene has not yet been determined. (provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008)

## **Clinical and Translational Updates**

