

## Synonym

FGF R2 (IIIb),FGFR2B,FGFR2

#### Source

Human FGFR2 (IIIb), His Tag(FGB-H5223) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Pro 154 - Leu 358 (Accession # <u>P21802-3</u>). Predicted N-terminus: Pro 154

### **Molecular Characterization**

FGFR2B(Pro 154 - Leu 358) P21802-3

Poly-his

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

The protein has a calculated MW of 24.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 38-55 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

#### **Endotoxin**

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

# **Purity**

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from 0.22  $\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

### Storage

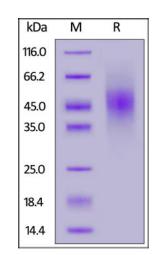
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20 $^{\circ}$ C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

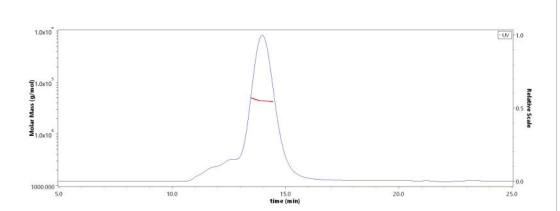
## **SDS-PAGE**



Human FGFR2 (IIIb), His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

# **Bioactivity-SPR**

## **SEC-MALS**



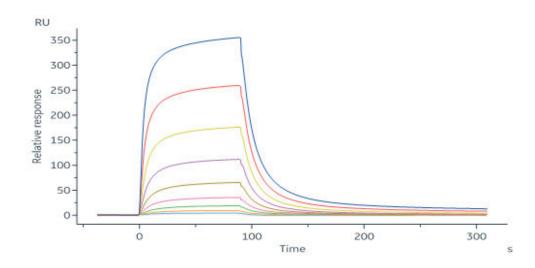
The purity of Human FGFR2 (IIIb), His Tag (Cat. No. FGB-H5223) is more than 85% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 40-50 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

Report

# Human FGF R2 (IIIb) protein, His Tag (MALS verified)







Biotinylated Human FGF-10, His,Avitag (Cat. No. FG0-H81Q7) immobilized on SA Chip can bind Human FGFR2 (IIIb), His Tag (Cat. No. FGB-H5223) with an affinity constant of  $5.02~\mu M$  as determined in a SPR assay (Biacore 8K) (Routinely tested).

## **Background**

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as cell-surface receptor for fibroblast growth factors and plays an essential role in the regulation of cell proliferation, differentiation, migration and apoptosis, and in the regulation of embryonic development. Required for normal embryonic patterning, trophoblast function, limb bud development, lung morphogenesis, osteogenesis and skin development. Plays an essential role in the regulation of osteoblast differentiation, proliferation and apoptosis, and is required for normal skeleton development. Promotes cell proliferation in keratinocytes and immature osteoblasts, but promotes apoptosis in differentiated osteoblasts. Phosphorylates PLCG1, FRS2 and PAK4. Ligand binding leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate. Phosphorylation of FRS2 triggers recruitment of GRB2, GAB1, PIK3R1 and SOS1, and mediates activation of RAS, MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. FGFR2 signaling is down-regulated by ubiquitination, internalization and degradation. Mutations that lead to constitutive kinase activation or impair normal FGFR2 maturation, internalization lead to aberrant signaling. Over-expressed FGFR2 promotes activation of STAT1.

# **Clinical and Translational Updates**

Please contact us via <u>TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com</u> if you have any question on this product.

