## Biotinylated Mouse M-CSF R / CSF1R / CD115 Protein, Avitag™,His Tag

Catalog # CSR-M82E8



### **Synonym**

CSF1R,C-FMS,CD115,CSFR,FIM2,FMS,M-CSFR

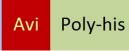
#### Source

Biotinylated Mouse M-CSF R, Avitag, His Tag(CSR-M82E8) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Ala 20 - Ser 511 (Accession # P09581-1).

Predicted N-terminus: Ala 20

### **Molecular Characterization**

M-CSF R(Ala 20 - Ser 511) P09581-1



This protein carries an Avi tag (Avitag<sup>TM</sup>) at the C-terminus, followed by a polyhistidine tag.

The protein has a calculated MW of 58.4 kDa. The protein migrates as 70-95 kDa when calibrated against <u>Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker</u> under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

### Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag<sup>TM</sup> technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

## **Protein Ratio**

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

### Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

## **Purity**

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

#### **Formulation**

Lyophilized from  $0.22~\mu m$  filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

#### Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

### Storage

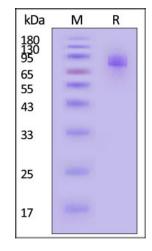
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

### **SDS-PAGE**



Biotinylated Mouse M-CSF R, Avitag, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95% (With <u>Star Ribbon Pre-stained Protein Marker</u>).

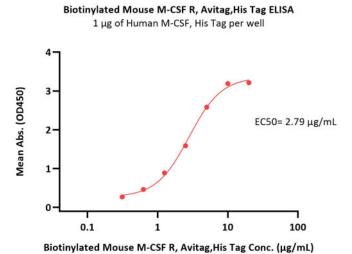
## **Bioactivity-ELISA**



## Biotinylated Mouse M-CSF R / CSF1R / CD115 Protein, Avitag™,His Tag







Immobilized Human M-CSF, His Tag (Cat. No. MCF-H5247) at 10  $\mu$ g/mL (100  $\mu$ L/well) can bind Biotinylated Mouse M-CSF R, Avitag,His Tag (Cat. No. CSR-M82E8) with a linear range of 0.31-5  $\mu$ g/mL (QC tested).

### Background

Colony stimulating factor 1 receptor (CSF1R) is also known as macrophage colony-stimulating factor receptor (M-CSFR), CD115 Cluster of Differentiation 115 (CD115), C-FMS, CSFR, FIM2, FMS, and is a member of the typeIII subfamily of receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs). CSF1R is a receptor for a cytokine called colony stimulating factor 1, The protein encoded by the CSFR1 gene is the receptor for colony stimulating factor 1, a cytokine which controls the production, differentiation, and function of macrophages. This receptor mediates most, if not all, of the biological effects of this cytokine. Ligand binding activates CSFR1 through a process of oligomerization and transphosphorylation. Mutations in CSF1R are associated with chronic myelomonocytic leukemia and type M4 acute myeloblastic leukemia. Increased levels of CSF1R1 are found in microglia in Alzheimer's disease and after brain injuries. The increased receptor expression causes microglia to become more active. Both CSF1R, and its ligand colony stimulating factor 1 play an important role in the development of the mammary gland and may be involved in the process of mammary gland carcinogenesis.

# **Clinical and Translational Updates**

