

Synonym

CD5,LEU1

Source

Biotinylated Human CD5, Fc,Avitag (CD5-H82F3) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Arg 25 - Pro 372 (Accession # [P06127-1](#)). Predicted N-terminus: Arg 25

Molecular Characterization



This protein carries a human IgG1 Fc tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag (Avitag™).

The protein has a calculated MW of 66.8 kDa. The protein migrates as 80-100 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Biotinylation

Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Biotin:Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>95% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

>90% as determined by SEC-MALS.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4. Normally trehalose is added as protectant before lyophilization.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

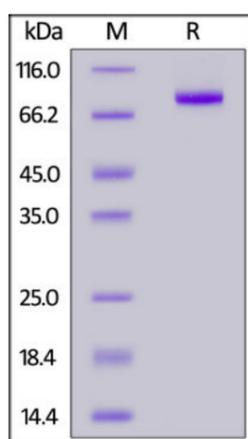
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

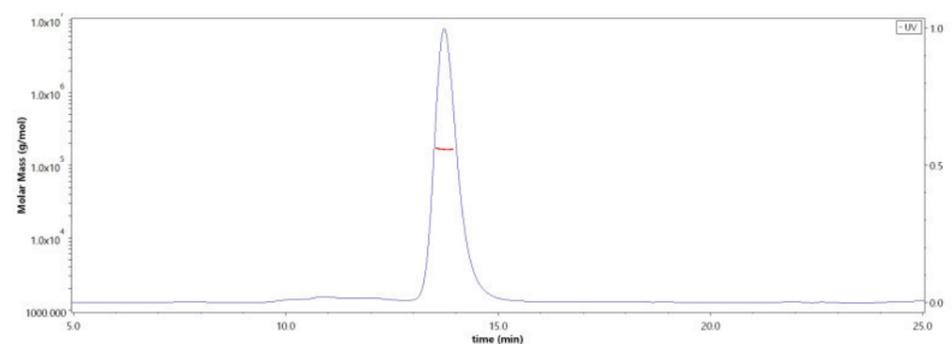
- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

SDS-PAGE



Biotinylated Human CD5, Fc,Avitag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained overnight with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 95%.

SEC-MALS



The purity of Biotinylated Human CD5, Fc,Avitag (Cat. No. CD5-H82F3) is more than 90% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 155-175 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

Background

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD5 is also known as Lymphocyte antigen T1/Leu-1 and LEU1, which is phosphorylated on tyrosine residues by LYN, so CD5 can create binding sites for PTPN6/SHP-1. CD5 may act as a receptor in regulating T-cell proliferation. CD5 is expressed at various developmental and activation stages on human B cells. CD5 is a well established negative regulator of TCR and BCR signalling. CD5-positive cells may also prevent the emergence of autoimmunity by provision of cytokines such as IL-10. Development, selection and function of different B- and T-cell subsets or their preferential survival may be directly or indirectly dependent on different glycan structures associated with CD5 or CD5-like molecules.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com if you have any question on this product.